Regarding Application for Reconsideration for the workers and former workers of the subject firm. The notice was published in the Federal Register on December 13, 1996 (61 FR 65598).

Investigation findings show that the workers are primarily engaged in the production of plywood. The workers were denied TAA because the "contributed importantly" test of the Group Eligibility Requirements of the Trade Act was not met. The workers were denied NAFTA-TAA on the basis that there was no shift in production to Mexico or Canada, nor were there company or customer imports of plywood from Mexico or Canada.

The Lumber and Sawmill Workers, Local Union No. 1017, submitted additional information showing that increased import competition from foreign made oriented strand board (OSB) contributed to worker separations at the Crown Pacific Limited Partnership production facility.

To determine impact of imports of OSB on worker separations at Redmond, the Department conducted a survey the subject firm's major declining customers. New findings on reconsideration show that some customers continued reliance on or increased imports of OSB from Canada during the time period relevant to the investigation.

#### Conclusion

After careful consideration of the new facts obtained on reconsideration, it is concluded that the workers of Crown Pacific Limited Partnership, Redmond, OR were adversely affected by increased imports of articles like or directly competitive with plywood produced at the subject firm.

All workers of Crown Pacific Limited Partnership, Redmond, OR who became totally or partially separated from employment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974;" and

All workers of Crown Pacific Limited Partnership, Redmond, OR who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after July 24, 1995 are eligible to apply for NAFTA–TAA Section 250 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, DC this 13th day of January 1997.

Russell T. Kile,

Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 97–2414 Filed 1–30–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

### Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273) the Department of Labor issued a Certification of Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance on March 13, 1996, applicable to all workers of Bausch & Lomb, Eyewear Division located in Oakland, Maryland. The notice was published in the Federal Register on April 3, 1996 (61 FR 14820).

At the request of an official of HR Services, Inc., the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. Findings show that some employees of HR Services, Inc., Lima, Ohio, provided contract engineering services for the production of sunglass lenses produced by Bausch & Lomb in Oakland, Maryland. Based on these findings, the Department is amending the certification to include leased workers from HR Services, Inc., Lima, Ohio

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of Bausch & Lomb Eyewear Division adversely affected by imports.

The amended notice applicable to TA-W-31,911 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of Bausch & Lomb, Eyewear Division, Oakland, Maryland; and leased workers of HR Services, Inc., Lima, Ohio, engaged in employment related to the production of sunglass lenses for Bausch & Lomb, Eyewear Division, Oakland, Maryland, who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after January 26, 1995, are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, D.C. this 14th day of January 1997.

Russell T. Kile,

Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 97–2412 Filed 1–30–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

## Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273) the Department of Labor issued a Notice of Certification Regarding Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance on December 16, 1996, applicable to all workers of James River Corporation located in Old Town, Maine. The notice was published in the Federal Register on December 31, 1996 (61 FR 69110).

At the request of the State agency, the Department reviewed the worker certification. New findings show that the Department incorrectly set the impact date at July 22, 1996. The workers at the subject firm were covered under an earlier certification, TA–W–29,773, which expired November 22, 1996. The Department is amending the certification for workers of James River Corporation to set the impact date at November 22, 1996.

The amended notice applicable to TA–W–32,904 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of James River Corporation, Old Town, Maine who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after November 22, 1996 are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, D.C. this 18th day of January 1997.

Dated: January 27, 1997.

Russell T. Kile,

Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 97–2413 Filed 1–30–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

#### [TA-W-32,712]

# Johnson and Johnson Medical Inc. Including Leased Workers of Kelly Temporary Services El Paso, Texas; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273) the Department of labor issued a Certification of Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance on October 10, 1996, applicable to all workers of Johnson & Johnson Medical Inc. located in El Paso, Texas. The notice was published in the Federal Register on October 29, 1996 (61 FR 55821).

At the request of petitioners, the Department reviewed the certification of workers of the subject firm. New findings show that some employees of Kelly Temporary Services, El Paso, Texas, were directly involved in the manufacturing of surgical gowns, drapes and sheets produced by Johnson & Johnson Medical Inc. in El Paso. Based on these findings, the Department is amending the certification to include leased workers from Kelly Temporary Services, El Paso, Texas.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of Johnson & Johnson Medical Inc. adversely affected by imports.